



GROUNDWATER QUALITY PROTECTION PROGRAM:

Park City South MHP FACILITY NUMBER 1135785 WELL SITE SURVEY REPORT

Prepared by:

Division of Public Water Supplies

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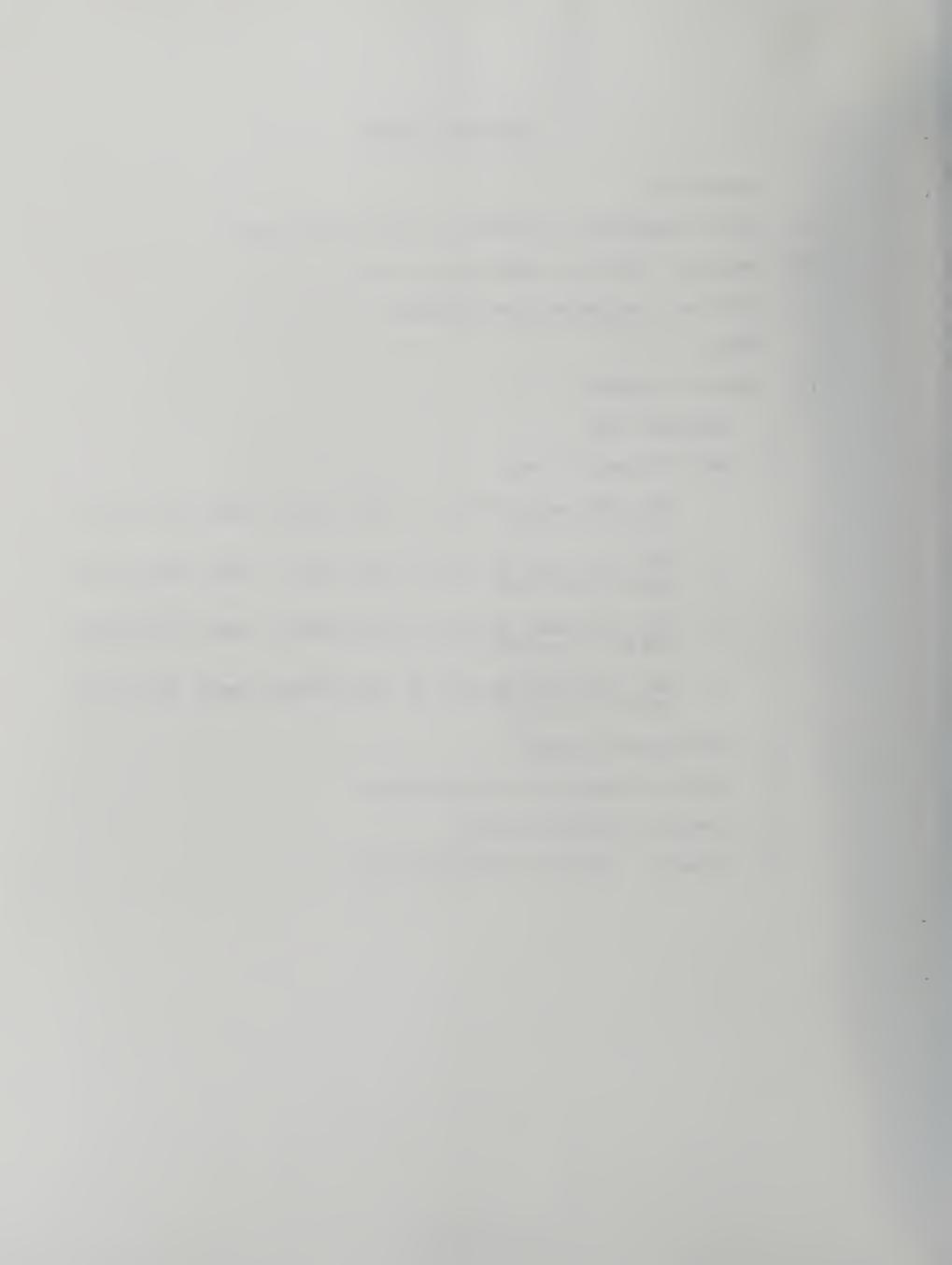
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INTRODUCTION

This report has been prepared by the Agency pursuant to Section 17.1 of the Illinois Environmental Protection Act. The report summarizes information about your facility and samples collected and analyzed from your well(s). The well site survey provides an inventory of the area around the well(s) to help increase your awareness of potential hazards to groundwater utilized by your facility. This information and technical data will assist you in developing and implementing local groundwater protection measures authorized by the Act.

FACILITY DESCRIPTION AND GEOLOGIC PROFILE OF WELL SITES

Park City South MHP obtains its water from four drift wells. These wells provide an average of 37,000 gallons per day to 243 services. See Table I for a description of each well. The surficial geologic susceptibility rating for all four wells is E. The aquifer is overlain by low permeability glacial till. Permeability is a measure of the ability of a soil or sediment to transmit fluids. A complete description and geologic profile is found in the Facility Wells Report (Appendix C).

	S		Maximum Setback (ft.)	Status		le I Specific Capacity (gpm/ft.)	Treatment /	Aquifer	Well Depth (ft.)	Well Logs Available
Well (45098		200	No	A	20 0.028		Chl., Fl., sftng	Sand and Gravel	89	
Well (4509)		200	No	A	20 0.028		Same	Same	93	
Well (4510		200	No	A	20 0.028		Same	Same	45	
Well (4509		200	No	A	20 0.028		Same	Same	92	

A - Active

GROUNDWATER SAMPLING AND MONITORING HISTORY

Park City South MHP Wells #1, #2, #3 and #4 were sampled on October 30, 1987 as part of a Statewide Groundwater Monitoring Program. The samples were analyzed for inorganic chemicals (IOC) and volatile organic/aromatic compounds (VOC/VOA).

VOC/VOA analyses did not detect quantifiable levels of any organic compounds. IOC analyses indicate arsenic levels of 107 parts per billion (ppb) in Well #2. This is above the Maximum Allowable Concentration (MAC) for drinking water, set at 50 ppb, but below the General Use Guideline for raw water of 1,000 ppb. In addition, lead levels of 220 ppb were detected in Well #4. This is above both the MAC and the General Use Guideline of 50 ppb and 100 ppb respectively. Information on arsenic and lead may be found in Appendix E, detailed sampling results are in Appendix D.

WELL SITE SURVEY METHODS AND PROCEDURES

The detailed well site survey consists of an aerial photographic map and inventory sheets (Appendix B), that relate information about potential sources, routes, and possible problem sites to your water supply wells. The location of potential sources, routes, possible problem sites, water wells minimum setback zones and the 1,000 foot survey area are all displayed on the aerial photographic map.

The first page of each survey consists of a summary description and geologic profile for each well. The second and following pages of the survey inventory units within and bordering a 1,000 foot radius of the wellhead. A unit is defined as any device, mechanism, equipment, or area (exclusive of land utilized only for agricultural production). The Agency 5-digit well number is associated with a unit or map code, and then classified. The classification codes relate to definitions of potential contamination sources and routes as defined in the Illinois Groundwater Protection Act (see Groundwater Primer pages 18-19). The distance and direction of the unit from the wellhead is also indicated.

Survey Results and Findings

The Park City South MHP well site survey was conducted on February 21, 1991 by Wade Boring from the Agency's Springfield Office. The following describes the results and findings for the Park City MHP public water wells.

Park City South MHP Well #1 (IEPA #45098)

The survey area is rural. The area is a mixture of row crops, residential and commercial. There are three possible problem sites located within 1,500 feet of well #1. They are Mobil Oil (map code 4) 720 ft NW, TB and J (map code 5) 950 ft NW and American Transportation (map code 6) 1,200 ft NW.

Park City South MHP Well #2 (IEPA #45097)

The survey area is rural. The area is a mixture of row crops, residential and commercial. There are three possible problem sites located within 1,500 feet of Well #2. They are Mobil Oil (map code 4) 920 ft NW, TB and J (map code 5) 1,100 ft NW and American Transportation (map code 6) 1,300 ft NW.

Park City South MHP Well #3 (IEPA #45100)

The survey are is rural. The area is a mixture of row crops, residential and commercial. There is one possible problem site within 1,500 feet of Well #3, Ciba-Geigy (map code 1) 1,400 ft S.

Park City South MHP Well #4 (IEPA #45099)

The survey area is rural. The area is a mixture of row crops, residential and commercial. There is one possible problem site within 1,500 feet of Well #4, Ciba-Geigy (map code 1) 1,400 ft S.

SUMMARY

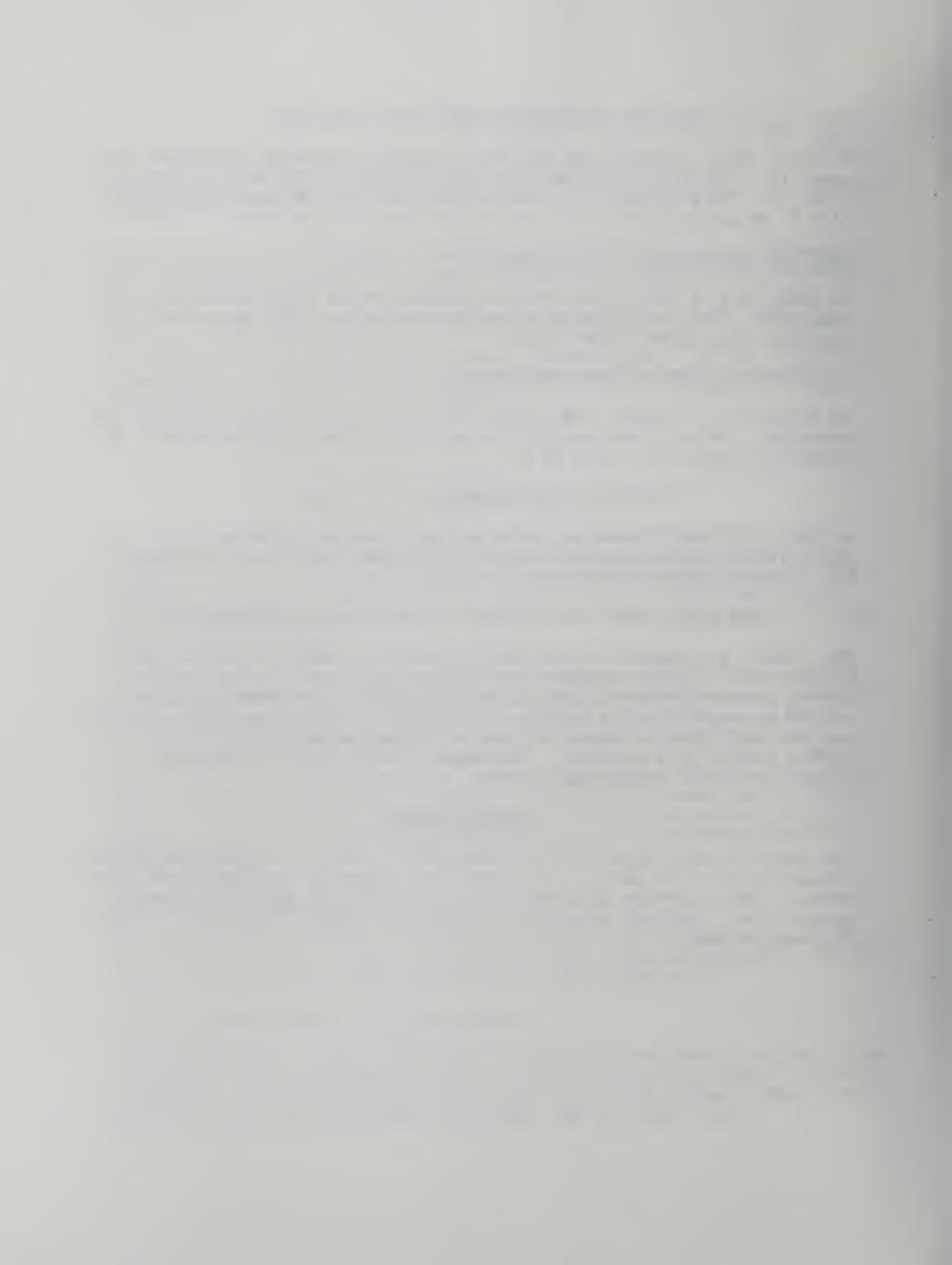
The well site survey conducted indicates that there are potential sources/sites that could pose a hazard to groundwater utilized by the Park City South MHP public water wells.

Ciba-Geigy, Mobil Oil, TB and J and American Transportation Co.

The Illinois Environmental Protection Act provides minimum protection zones for your wells. These minimum protection zones are regulated by the IEPA. The Act also authorizes county and municipal officials the opportunity to provide maximum protection zones up to 1,000 feet. The responsibility for the controls would then be assumed by local officials through adoption of a maximum setback zone ordinance. The county served by the MHP should be contacted in order to make application.

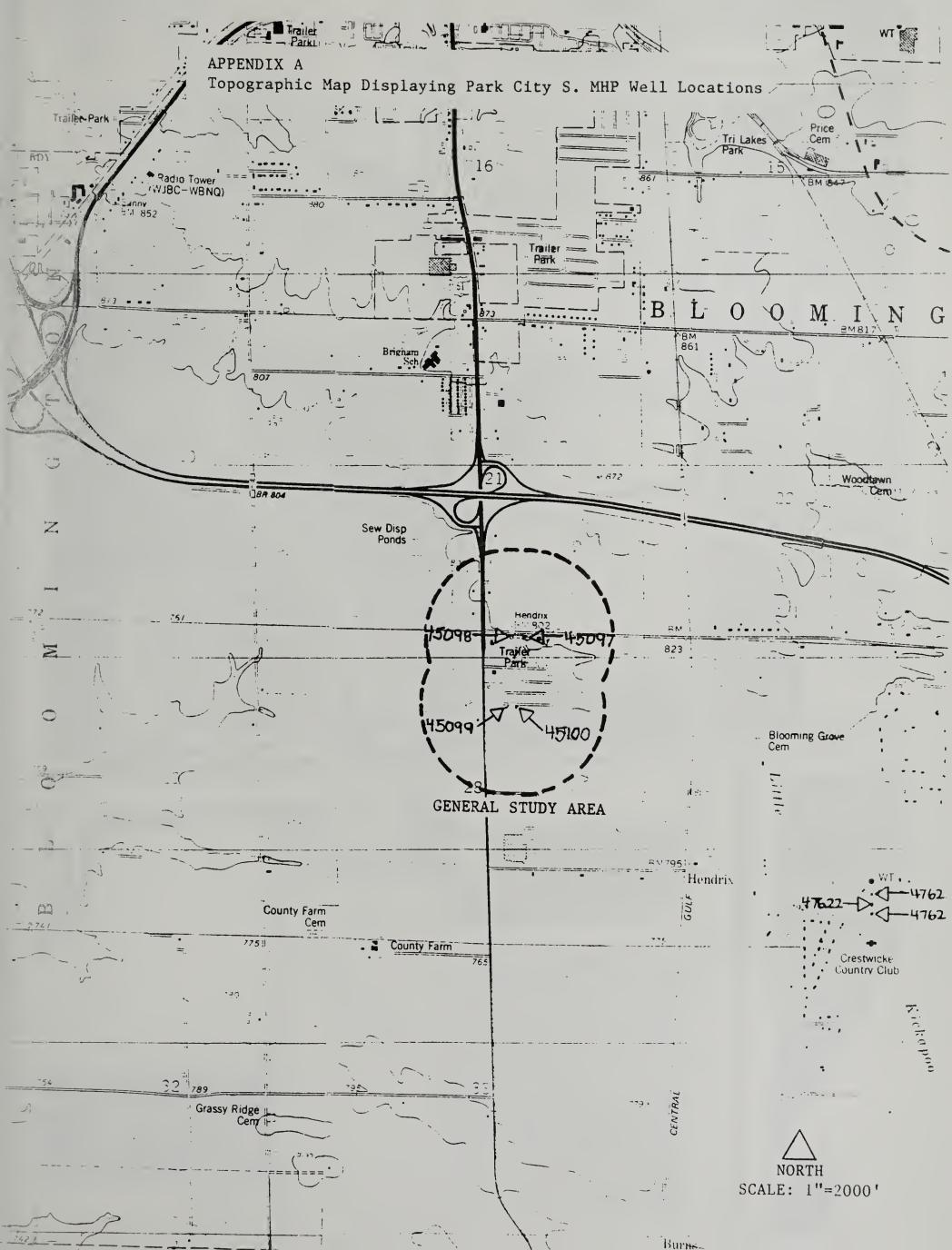
RECOMMENDATIONS

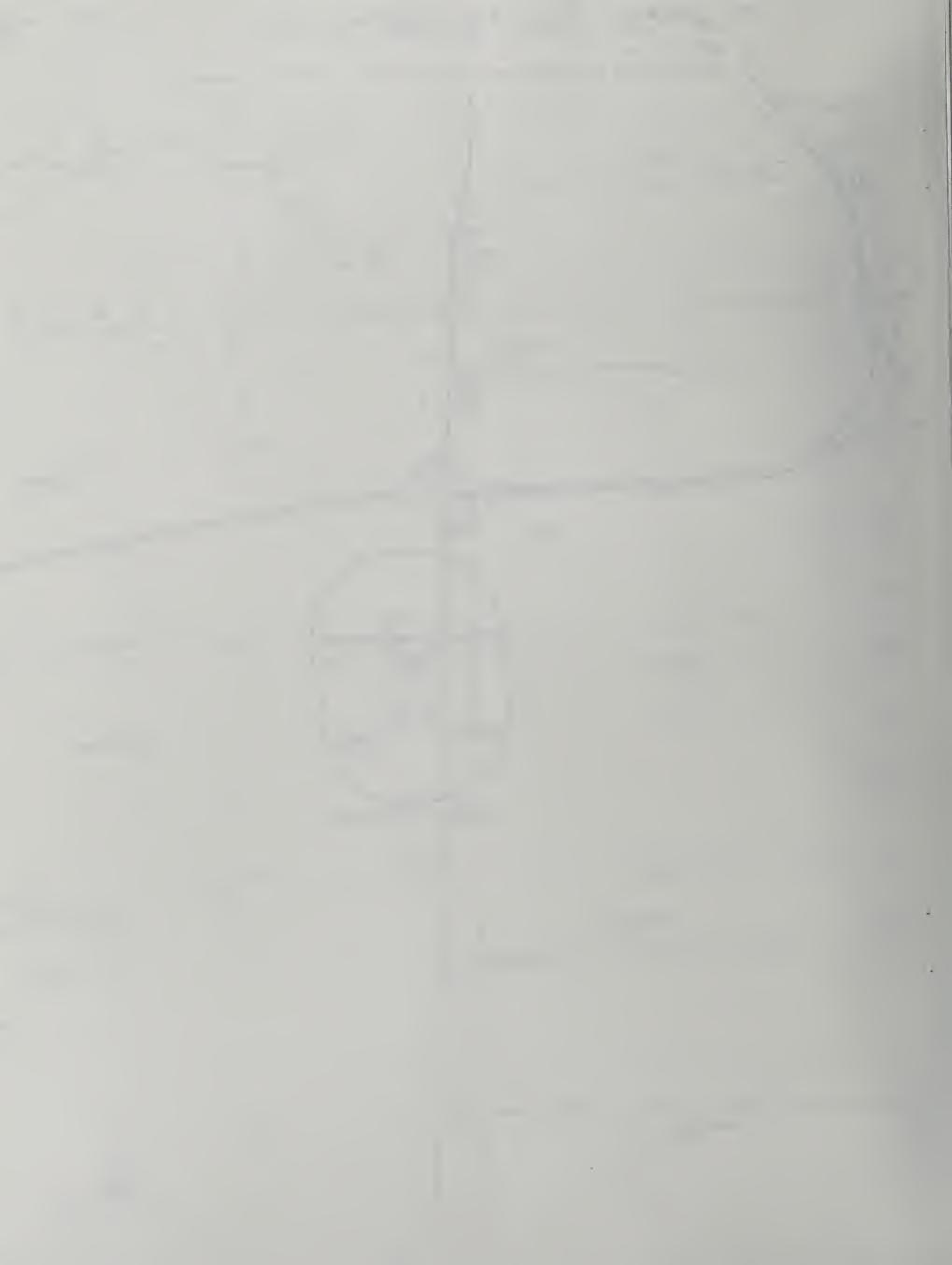
The Agency strongly urges Park City South MHP to consider establishing maximum setback zones for its wells. The Agency has prepared a "Maximum Setback Zone Workbook" which provides detailed case studies of how to establish a maximum setback zone. Technical assistance is available from the Agency and Illinois State Water Survey.

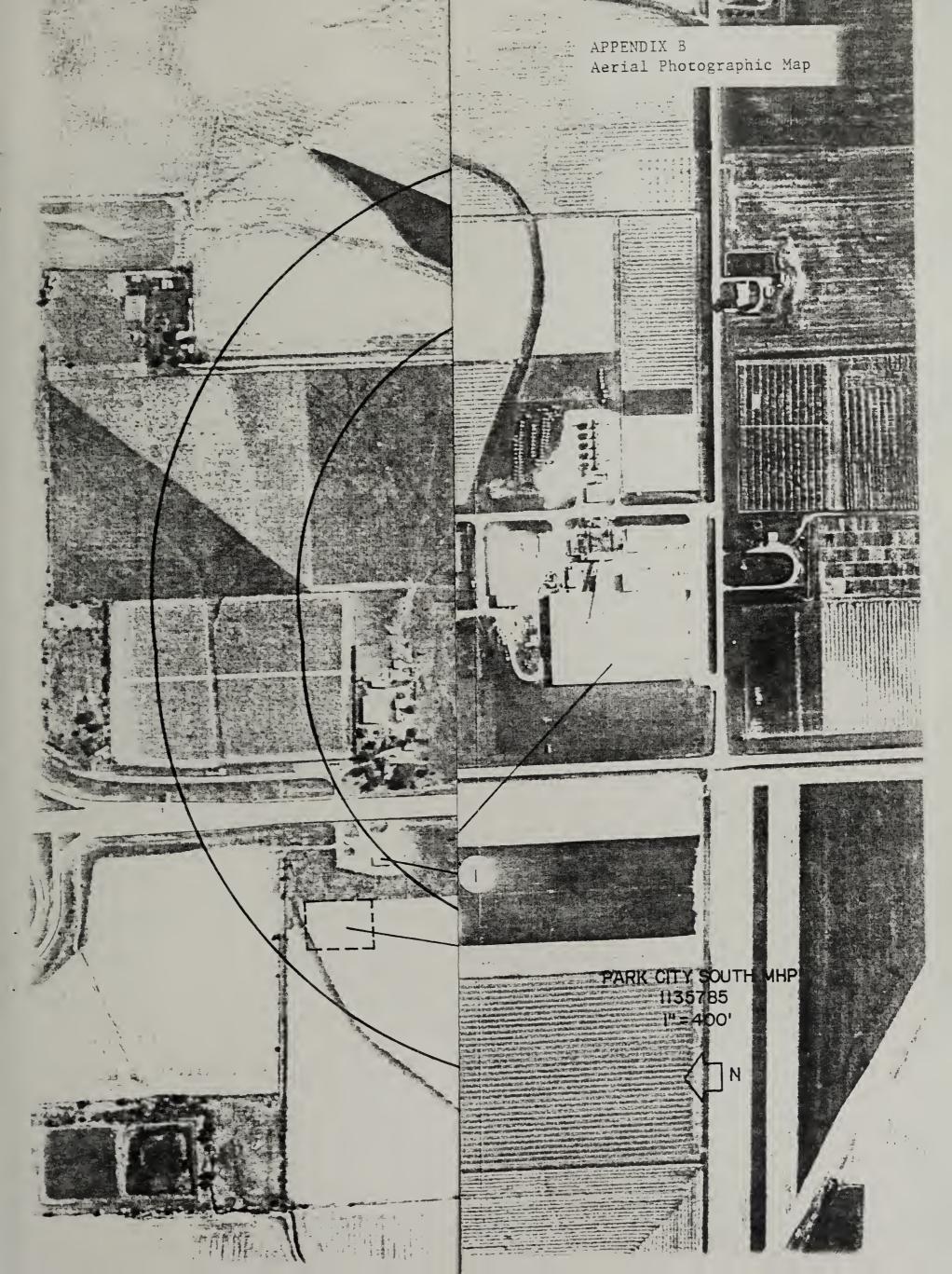


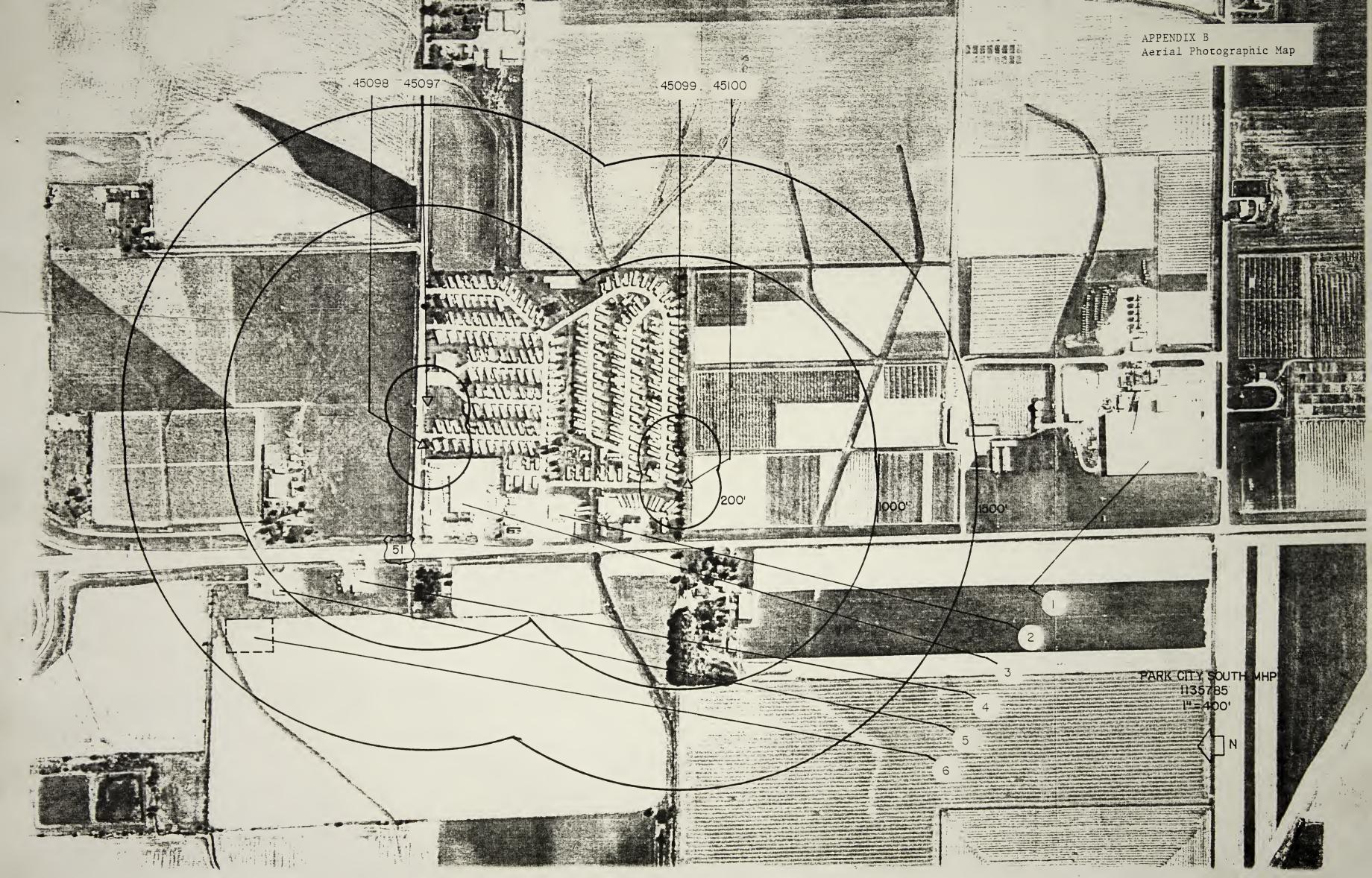












APPENDIX: B1 WELL SITE SURVEY SUMMARY DESCRIPTION AND GEOLOGIC PROFILE Park City South MHP Well #1 (IEPA #45098)

SURVEYOR: W. Boring SURVEY DATE: 2/21/91

ADDRESS:

Park City South

R.R. #13

Bloomington, IL 61701

AGENCY WELL NO: 45098

WELL NAME & DESC.: Well 1

TREATMENT APPLICATION POINT: 01

FACILITY NO. & NAME: 1135785 - Park City South MHP

FAC. PHONE NUMBER: 23N, 2E, 28, 4H

LOCATION:

TWP, RNG, SECTION, 10 ACRE PLOT:

50S, 2100W

DISTANCE FROM CORNER: 122B - Bloomington East

QUAD SHEET CODE & NAME: 200 ft.

MIN. SETBACK:

MAX. SETBACK:

SURFICIAL GEOLOGIC SUSCEPTIBILITY RATING: E - low permeability silty/clayey

+111

AGE OF WELL (DATE WELL CONSTRUCTION):

WELL DEPTH: 89 ft.

AQUIFER CODE: 0101 - sand and gravel aquifer

MULTIPLE AQUIFER (Y, N): No

SUMMARY DESCRIPTION OF 1,000' RADIUS AREA: Survey area is rural. The area is

a mixture of row crops, residential and commercial

INTERVIEW(S) NAME-ADDRESS-AFFILIATION-TELEPHONE NO .:

APPENDIX: B1 INVENTORY AND SYNOPSIS OF UNITS Park City South MHP Well #1 (IEPA #45098)

Classification (CLASSF*) KEY

MIN. ZONE
PP = POTENTIAL PRIMARY

PS = POTENTIAL SECONDARY

RI = POTENTIAL ROUTE

CC = CERTIFIED XI = UNKNOWN CU = CLEANUP OUTSIDE MIN. ZONE

OP = POTENTIAL PRIMARY

OS = POTENTIAL SECONDARY

OR = POTENTIAL ROUTE

CC = CERTIFIED OX = UNKNOWN

OX = ONKNOWN

CU = CLEANUP

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45098-01

NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: Ciba-Geigy, R.R. #13, Bloomington, IL 61701

DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: seed division

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 2650 ft S

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45098-02

NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: unknown, R.R. #13, Bloomington, IL 61701

DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: abandoned building, formerly window and door sales

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 660 ft SW

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45098-03

NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: unknown, R.R. #13, Bloomington, IL 61701

DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: abandoned building, formerly RV sales

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 150 ft SW

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45098-04-08

NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: Mobil Oil, R.R. #13, Bloomington, IL 61701

DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: service station w/below ground fuel storage assumed

greater than 500 gallons

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 720 ft NW

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45098-05-0X

NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: TB and J, R.R. #13, Bloomington, IL 61701

DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: prefab shed sales, formerly a gas station

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 950 ft NW

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45098-06

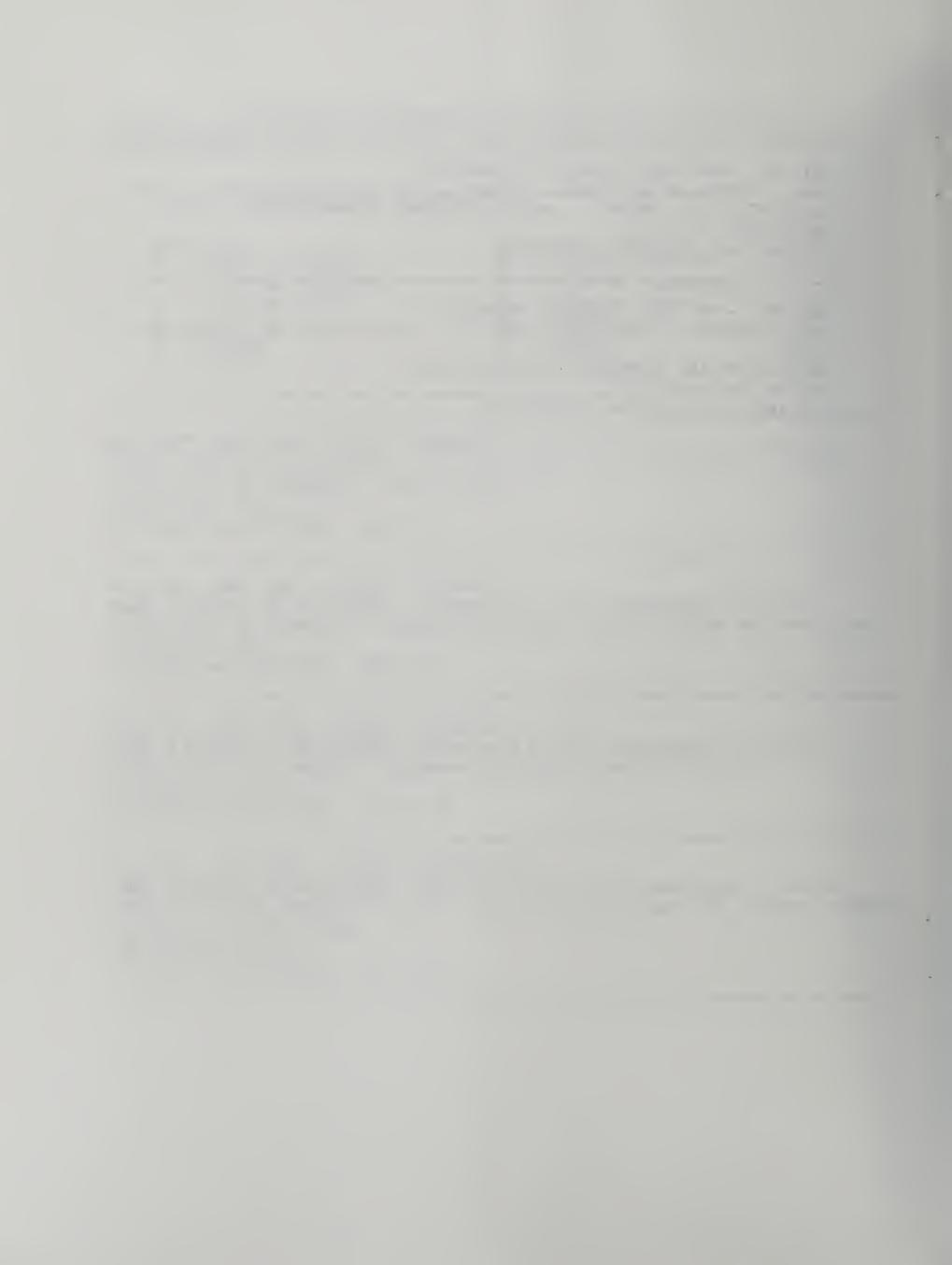
NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: American Transportation Co., Bloomington, IL

61701

DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: trucking company

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 1200 ft NW



APPENDIX: B2 WELL SITE SURVEY SUMMARY DESCRIPTION AND GEOLOGIC PROFILE Park City South MHP Well #2 (IEPA #45097)

SURVEYOR: W. Boring SURVEY DATE: 2/21/91

ADDRESS:

Park City South

R.R. #13

Bloomington, IL 61701

AGENCY WELL NO: 45097

WELL NAME & DESC.: Well 2

TREATMENT APPLICATION POINT: 01

FACILITY NO. & NAME: 1135785 - Park City South MHP

FAC. PHONE NUMBER:

LOCATION:

TWP, RNG, SECTION, 10 ACRE PLOT:

23N, 2E, 28 4H

DISTANCE FROM CORNER: 50S, 1975W

QUAD SHEET CODE & NAME: 122B - Bloomington East

MIN. SETBACK: 200 ft

MAX. SETBACK:

SURFICIAL GEOLOGIC SUSCEPTIBILITY RATING: E - low permeability silty/clayey

till

AGE OF WELL (DATE WELL CONSTRUCTION):

WELL DEPTH: 93 ft

AQUIFER CODE: 0101 - sand and gravel aquifer

MULTIPLE AQUIFER (Y, N): No

SUMMARY DESCRIPTION OF 1,000' RADIUS AREA: Survey area is rural. The area is

a mixture of row crops, residential and commercial INTERVIEW(S) NAME-ADDRÉSS-AFFILIATION-TELEPHONE NO.:

APPENDIX: B2 INVENTORY AND SYNOPSIS OF UNITS Park City South MHP Well #2 (IEPA #45097)

Classification (CLASSF*) KEY

MIN. ZONE

PP = POTENTIAL PRIMARY

PS = POTENTIAL SECONDARY

RI = POTENTIAL ROUTE

CC = CERTIFIED

XI = UNKNOWN

CU = CLEANUP

OUTSIDE MIN. ZONE

OP = POTENTIAL PRIMARY

OS = POTENTIAL SECONDARY

OR = POTENTIAL ROUTE

CC = CERTIFIED

OX = UNKNOWN

CU = CLEANUP

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45097-01

NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: Ciba-Geigy, R.R. #13, Bloomington, IL 61701

DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: seed division

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 2600 ft S

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45097-02

NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: unknown, R.R. #13, Bloomington, IL 61701

DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: abandoned building, formerly window and door sales

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 750 ft S

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45097-03

NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: unknown, R.R. #13, Bloomington, IL 61701

DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: abandoned building, formerly RV sales

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 350 ft SW

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45097--04-05

NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: Mobil Oil, R.R. #13, Bloomington, IL 61701

DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: service station w/below ground fuel storage assumed

greater than 500 gallons

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 920 ft NW

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45097-05

NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: TB and J, R.R. #13, Bloomington, IL 61701

DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: prefab shed sales, formerly a gas station

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 1199 ft NW

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45097-06

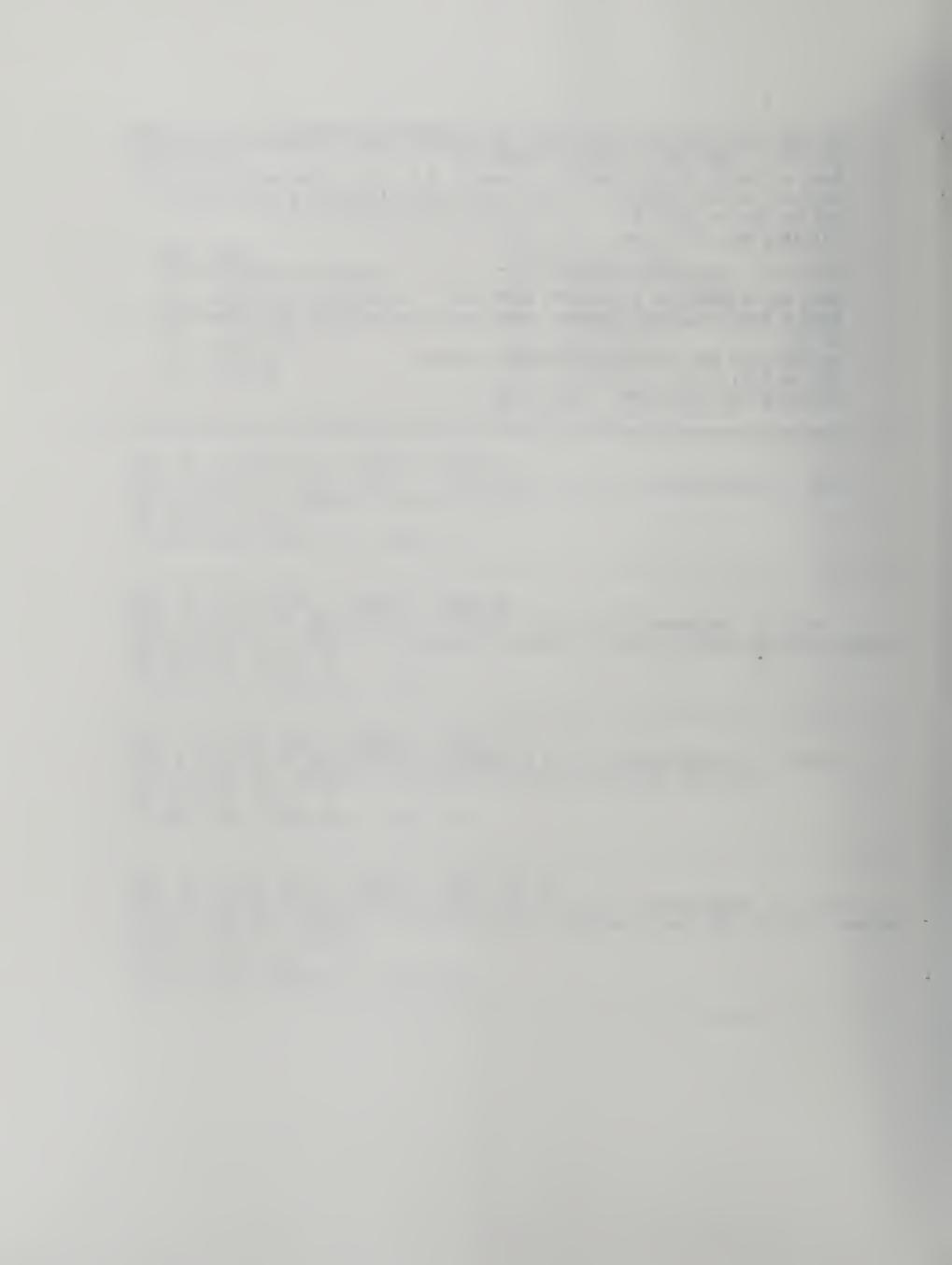
NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: American Transportation Co., Bloomington, IL

61701

DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: trucking company

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 1300 ft NW



APPENDIX: B3 WELL SITE SURVEY SUMMARY DESCRIPTION AND GEOLOGIC PROFILE Park City South MHP Well #3 (IEPA #45100)

SURVEYOR: W. Boring **SURVEY DATE: 2/21/91**

ADDRESS:

Park City South

R.R. #13

Bloomington, IL 61701

AGENCY WELL NO: 45100

WELL NAME & DESC.: Well 3

TREATMENT APPLICATION POINT: 01

FACILITY NO. & NAME: 1135785 - Park City South MHP

FAC. PHONE NUMBER: 23N, 2E, 28, 4G

LOCATION:

TWP, RNG, SECTION, 10 ACRE PLOT:

1250S.. 1950W

DISTANCE FROM CORNER: 122B - Bloomington East

QUAD SHEET CODE & NAME: 200 ft

MIN. SETBACK: 200 ft

MAX. SETBACK:

SURFICIAL GEOLOGIC SUSCEPTIBILITY RATING: E - low permeability silty/clayey

AGE OF WELL (DATE WELL CONSTRUCTION):

WELL DEPTH: 45 ft

AQUIFER CODE: 0101 - sand and gravel aquifer

MULTIPLE AQUIFER (Y, N): No

SUMMARY DESCRIPTION OF 1,000' RADIUS AREA: Survey area is rural. The area is

a mixture of row crops, residential and commercial

INTERVIEW(S) NAME-ADDRESS-AFFILIATION-TELEPHONE NO.:

APPENDIX: B3 INVENTORY AND SYNOPSIS OF UNITS Park City South MHP Well #3 (IEPA #45100)

Classification (CLASSF*) KEY

MIN. ZONE

PP = POTENTIAL PRIMARY

PS = POTENTIAL SECONDARY

RI = POTENTIAL ROUTE

CC = CERTIFIED

XI = UNKNOWN

CU = CLEANUP

OUTSIDE MIN. ZONE

OP = POTENTIAL PRIMARY

OS = POTENTIAL SECONDARY

OR = POTENTIAL ROUTE

CC = CERTIFIED

OX = UNKNOWN

CU = CLEANUP

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45100-01

NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: Ciba-Geigy, R.R. #13, Bloomington, IL 61701

DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: seed division

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 1400 ft S

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45100-02

NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: unknown, R.R. #13, Bloomington, IL 61701

DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: abandoned building, formerly window and door sales

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 600 ft NNW

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45100-03

NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: unknown, R.R. #13, Bloomington, IL 61701

DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: abandoned building, formerly RV sales

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 1000 ft N

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45100-04

NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: Mobil Oil, R.R. #13, Bloomington, IL 61701

DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: service station w/below ground fuel storage assumed

greater than 500 gallons

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 1650 ft NW

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45100-05

NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: TB and J, R.R. #13, Bloomington, IL 61701 DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: prefab shed sales, formerly a gas station

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 2050 ft NW

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45100-06

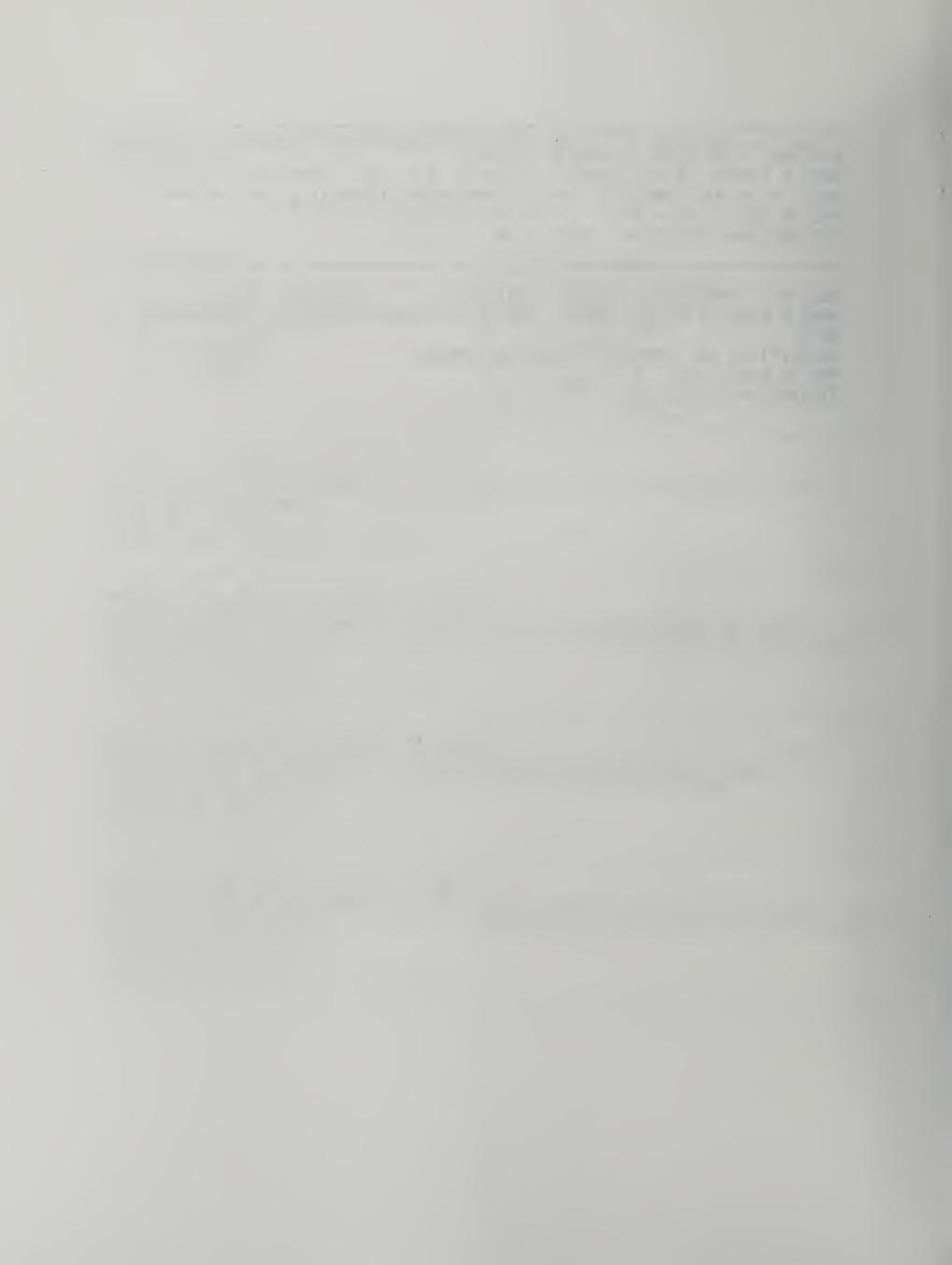
NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: American Transportation Co., Bloomington, IL

61701

DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: trucking company

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 2200 ft NW



APPENDIX: B4 WELL SITE SURVEY SUMMARY DESCRIPTION AND GEOLOGIC PROFILE Park City South MHP Well #4 (IEPA #45099)

SURVEYOR: W. Boring SURVEY DATE: 2/21/91

ADDRESS:

Park City South

R.R. #13

Bloomington, IL 61701

AGENCY WELL NO: 45099

WELL NAME & DESC.: Well 4

TREATMENT APPLICATION POINT: 01

FACILITY NO. & NAME: 1135785 - Park City South MHP

FAC. PHONE NUMBER:

LOCATION:

TWP, RNG, SECTION, 10 ACRE PLOT: 23N, 2E, 28, 4G

DISTANCE FROM CORNER: 1250S, 2125W

QUAD SHEET CODE & NAME: 122B - Bloomington East

MIN. SETBACK: 200 ft.

MAX. SETBACK:

SURFICIAL GEOLOGIC SUSCEPTIBILITY RATING: E - low permeability silty/clayey

till.

AGE OF WELL (DATE WELL CONSTRUCTION):

WELL DEPTH: 92 ft

AQUIFER CODE: 0101 - sand and gravel aquifer

MULTIPLE AQUIFER (Y, N): No

SUMMARY DESCRIPTION OF 1,000' RADIUS AREA: Survey area is rural. The area is

a mixture of row crops, residential and commercial

INTERVIEW(S) NAME-ADDRÉSS-AFFILIATION-TELEPHONE NO .:

APPENDIX: B4 INVENTORY AND SYNOPSIS OF UNITS Park City South MHP Well #4 (IEPA #45099)

Classification (CLASSF*) KEY

MIN. ZONE

PP = POTENTIAL PRIMARY

PS = POTENTIAL SECONDARY

RI = POTENTIAL ROUTE

CC = CERTIFIED

XI = UNKNOWN

CU = CLEANUP

OUTSIDE MIN. ZONE

OP = POTENTIAL PRIMARY

OS = POTENTIAL SECONDARY

OR = POTENTIAL ROUTE

CC = CERTIFIED

OX = UNKNOWN

CU = CLEANUP

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45099-01

NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: Ciba-Geiby, R.R. #13, Bloomington, IL 6170?

DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: seed division

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 1400 ft S

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45099-02

NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: unknown, R.R. #13, Bloomington, IL 61701

DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: abandoned building, formerly window and door sales

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 610 ft NW

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45099-03

NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: unknown, R.R. #13, Bloomington, IL 61701

DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: abandoned building, formerly RV sales

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 1000 ft N

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45099-04

NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: Mobil Oil, R.R. #13, Bloomington, IL 61701

DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: service station w/below ground fuel storage assumed

greater than 500 gallons

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 1700 ft NW

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45099-05

NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: TB and J, R.R. #13, Bloomington, IL 61701

DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: prefab shed sales, formerly a gas station

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 2100 ft NW

WELL NO. - MAP CODE - CLASSF*: 45099-06

NAME & ADDRESS OF UNIT OWNER: American Transportation Co., Bloomington, IL

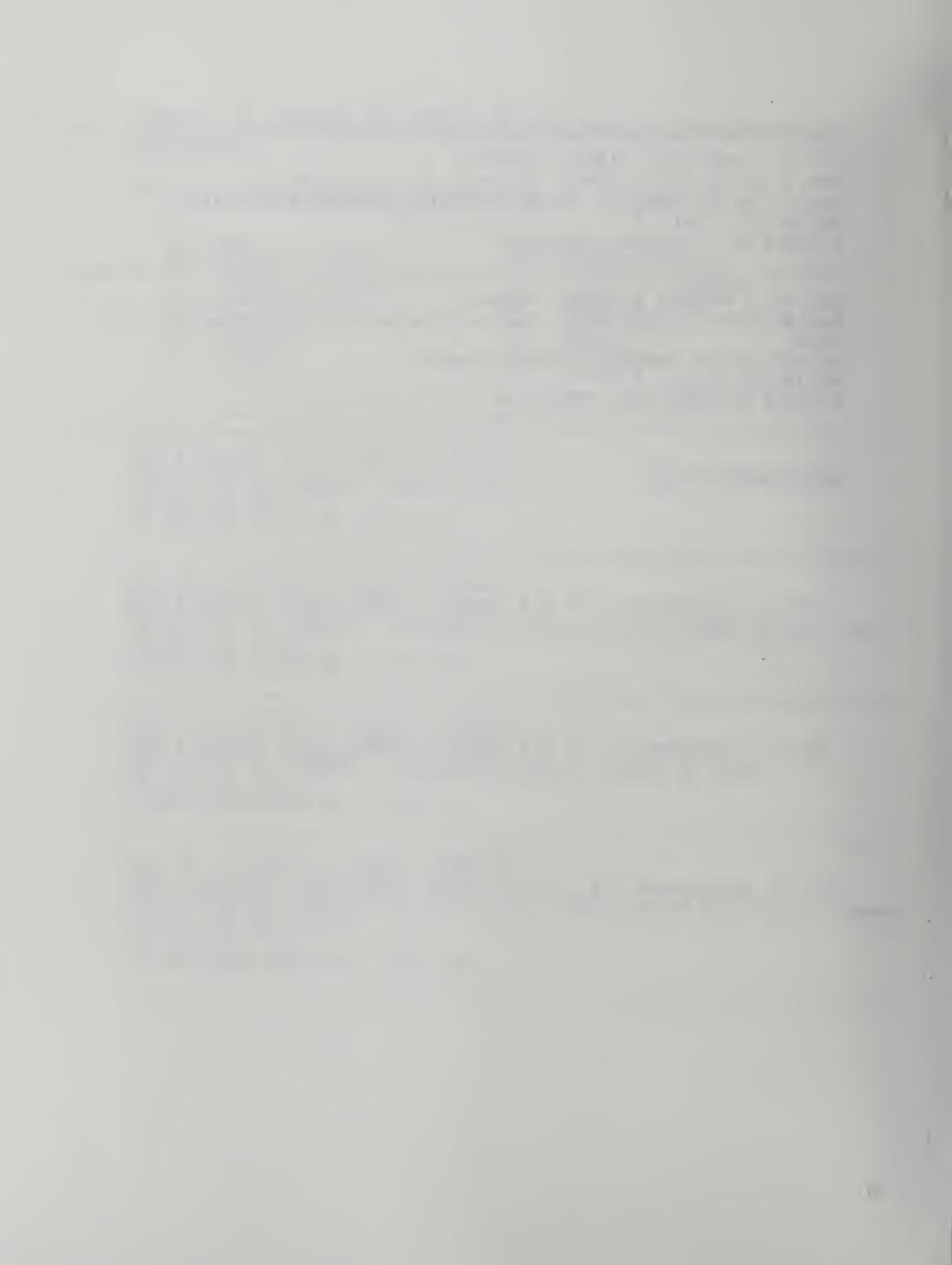
61701

DESCRIPTION AND COMMENTS: trucking company

PRE OR POST (Y,N): Y

DISTANCE AND DIRECTION: 2200 ft NW

WB:ds:0080M/1-17,sp



APPENDIX C



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REPURT:	MUDDILE:

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DATE: 03/07/91

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FACILITY: 1135785 PARK CITY SOUTH MILP	į
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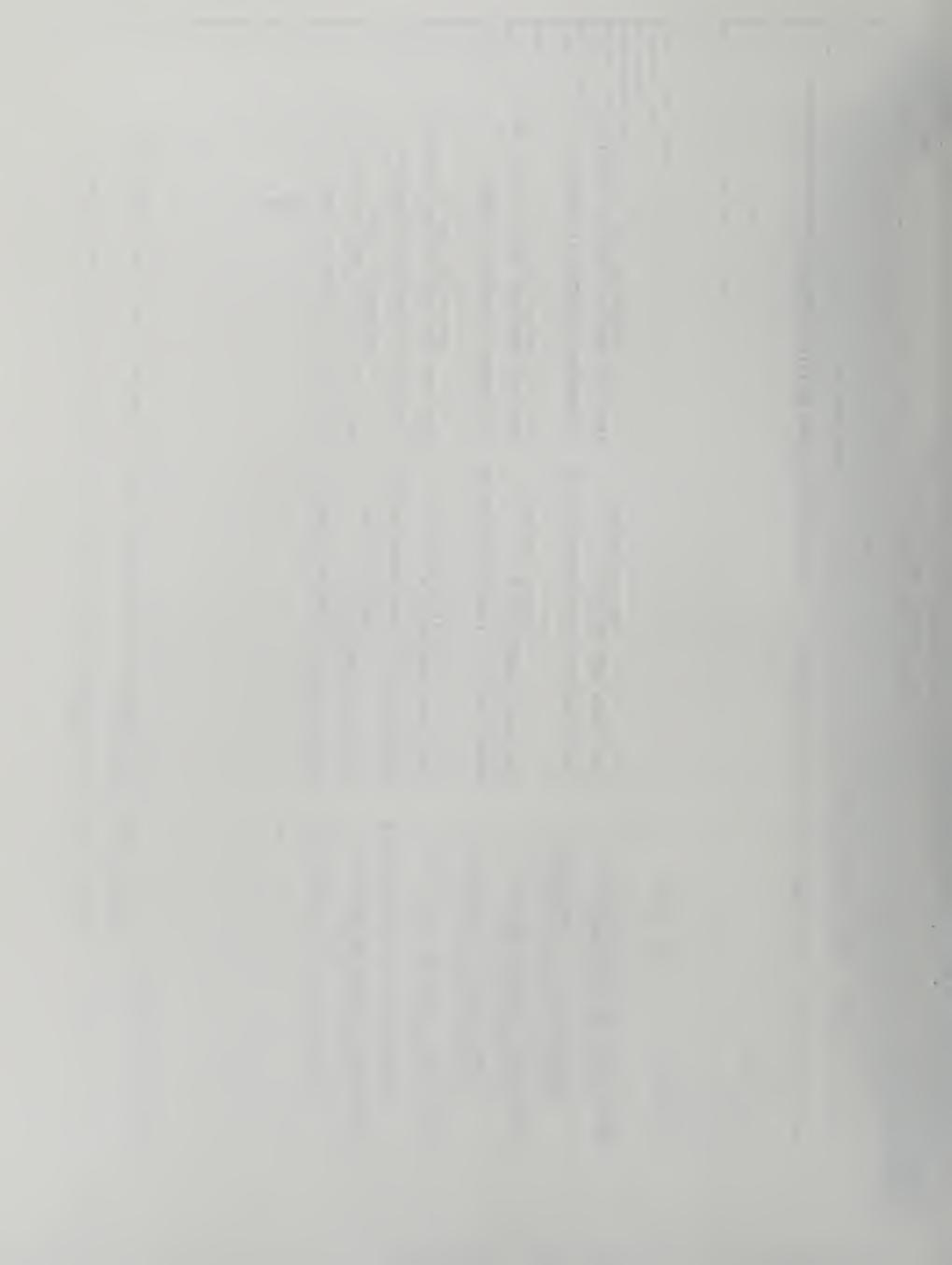
UFFICIAL CUSTODIAN			JAPI 23N RNG: 02E SECT 28 PLOTE 9H	MINIMUM SETBACKITUS OCCU	TWP I ZSN RNG 1 0ZE SECT 28 PCOTE 4H	MININUM SEIBACK(FI): 0200	TWP: 23N RNG: 02E SECT 28 PLUIT 46	MINIMUM SETBACK(FT) % 0200 ME-	TAP: 23N RNG: 02E SECT 28 PLUT: 46	WINI HUM SETBACK (FI): 0200	
			STATUS: ACTIVE	SUSCEPTIBILITY - LAND SPREADING: DZ	LONCITURE: MOSS ST 17.0	SUSCEPTIBILITY - LAND SPREADING: DZ	LOWGITUDE: MOBB 59 15.0	SUSCEPTIBILITY - LAND SPREADING: DZ	STATUS: ACTIVE LUNGITUDE: MONB 59 17.0	SUSCEPTIBILITY - LAND SPREADING: DZ	
DANER	Purpt Pare	ALNOWINGTON IL 61701	WELL: 45097 WELL#2, NE, IN LOT 35	SUSCEPTIBILITY - LAND BURIAL: E	WELL: 45009 MELL#1, NW IN LOT 12 LATITUDE: N40 25 46.0	SUSCEPTIBILITY - LAND BURIAL: E	MELL: 45000 HELL#4, SE, IN LOT 214	SUSCEPTIBILITY - LAND BURIAL: E	MELL: 45100 HELL #3,8M, IN LOT 213	SUSCEPTIAILITY - LAND BURIAL: E	

1

= UNIFORM, RELATIVELY IMPERMEABLE SILTY OR CLAYEY TILL AT LEAST SO FT THICKS NO EVIDENCE OF SUSCEPTIFILITY CONES

1

LATO SOPEANING: UP = UNIFORM, PELATIVELY INDERNEABLE SILTY OR CLAYEY TILL AT LEAST 20 FT THICK; NO EVIDENCE UP
THERMED DATA AND SHAVEL. i i :



APPENDIX D



ILLITTIS ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION ASCHOV DIVISION OF PUALIC MATER SUPPLIES SELECTED SAMPLE EXPANDED REPORT

REPORT

-DELIVERED BY: UPS
RECEIVED BY: PHD
LAB SUPERVISOR: RPF
FUND CODE: PW30 1000 mg 6K (1) DELIVERED BYS DRINK HTR BAN HED G WATER. LAB CCMPL: 01/25/88 SMPL PERIOD: 19/87 E002/03 COLL DATE: 10/30/87 150-000 0.200 50.000 50.000 2.000 10.000 4.000 5000-000 3000-000 10-000 1000-000 10.000 50.000 TEPE 0033,173 3-000 < 5-000 < 5-000 < 45.000 0.050 < 1.000 < 65.000 CD在图: 1.200 50.000 161.000 COLL 0.100 0.500 14-600 1056.000 3-400 0.210 0.005 107.000 333.000 9-000 436.000 42.300 RESULT 2709-000 PUSLIC: UNITS MG/L MG/L MG/L NG/L UG/L 106/L 106/L 106/L 106/L 106/L 106/L 467. UGAL UGAL UGAL HG/E M6/L 7/90 HG/L 20 CYANIDE, TOTAL MG/L AS LA AS AS UG/L AS AS UG/L AS AS UG/L AS PRINC, TOTAL RECOVERABLE U'/L AS PRINC, TOTAL RECOVERABLE U'/L AS PRINC, TOTAL RECOVERABLE UG/L AS GANAL BY ICP UG/L AS LESIUM, TOTAL RECOVERABLE MG/L AS GANAL BY ICP MG/L AS COUNTY, TOTAL RECOVERABLE MG/L AS A ANAL BY ICP MG/L AS DODIUM, TOTAL RECOVERABLE UG/L AS A ANAL BY ICP MG/L AS ALUMINUM, TOTAL RECOVERABLE UG/L AS BANAL BY ICP UG/L AS COPERABLE UG/L AS COANAL BY ICP UG/L AS COANAL BY ICP UG/L AS COPERABLE UG/L AS COANAL BY ICP UG/L AS COPERABLE UG/L AS COANAL BY ICP UG/L AS COANAL B EAS S 27 BLOOMINGTON STATUS: STATUS: VELL 3180 C.MG/L NITROGEN, AMMONIA TOTAL MG/L AS N NITROGEN, AMMONIA TOTAL MG/L AS N PHENOLS, TOTAL RECOVER BULE UG/L MMP/WELL MHP SHUTH SILICA, TOTAL MG/L AS SIGE PHOSPHORUS, TOTAL MG/L AS PCYANIDE, TOTAL MG/L AS CN RESIDUE, TOTAL FILTERABLE 31
ALKALINITY, TOTAL MG/L AS CA
FLUORIDE, TOTAL MG/L AS F
CHLORIDE, TOTAL MG/L AS CL
SULFATE, TOTAL MS/L AS CL
SULFATE, TOTAL MS/L AS SY SMFL TYPE: RAW COLLECTOR: W. MCMILLAN SMPL PURP: 5-SPEC/OTHR COMMENTS: SMPL PROG: I-SWM INDRG DBSRVATNS: LOCATION: PARK CITY WATER TEMPERATURE DEG C PARK CITY OF IN THE PARK OFFICE BLOG 45097 WELL#2,NE, IN LOT 35 NO DESCRIPTION LOCATION: 371774430 E NO: 076057130 00916 1135785 PARK 00630 00610 32730 00356 71900 00927 00929 00937 01105 01007 00943 00 720 01042 01055 01067 01077 01082 70300 01027 01034 01037 06433 RSET 910 004 007 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00100 001 DECEMBO SO SAMPLE NO: ANDLYSTS 1627000 1537000 1537000 1557000 1387000 1397000 1777100 112T000 1157000 1777100 LIOTOOD 144T000 FACILITY: 子の日本 SRCE RODULE RAM

ILLINDIS PHYZACHMPHTAL PROTECTION AGENCY GIVISION OF PUPLIC WATER SUPPLIES SELECTED SAMPLE EXPANDED REPORT

DIVISION OF PURLIC WATER SUP BOULE: FMGWW1026	UPPLIES REPORT		PAGE: 55 DATE: 03/07/91
TLITY: 1135735 PAPK CITY SOUTH MHP	UED ***		3
SMPL TYPE:		LAB CCMPL: 12/30/87 SMPL PERIOD: 10/87	LAB SUPERVISOR: JTH FUND CODE: PW30
ALYSIS ASLTSTORET	UNITS	RESULT DRINK WIR	S TRIGGER RAW HTR LEVEL
31A 00 001 32108 CHLORDFORM UG/L GC/MS	UG/L		11.
215 00 002 32101	1/9n	111	
31A 90 304 32104 SROMOFORM UG/L CG/MS	UGZL	000	4
314 06 305 34423	167L 167L	000	91
SEA CO DOT 34496 1,1-DICHLORDETHANE UGZL GCZMS	1/9N	0000	
318 90 908 34546	1676	1.000 < 5.000	61
316 00 009 77279	U6/L	.000 < 200.	20
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31A 26 312 3928)	11671	> 000"	23.5.7.2.2.3
22 10 013 34475 TERRACMUNDELMILENT UNIL	1750	000	24
311 00 015 34716	1757	1,000 5	
31 0 0 916 78126	U6/L	~	27
310 00 018 78113	1/50		2.00
318 30 019 81551	UG/L	1.000 K	000
5061200 061 72037 PUMPING RATE GPM 5061200 064 06400 PM PM UNITS	UNITS		20
0001500 00210			1 1
FACTLITY: 1135785 PARK CITY SOUTH MHP RAM SRCE: 45099 WELL#1,NW IN LOT 12	PUBLICE	Y COMM: Y TYPE MAT	18 G 38 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98 98
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34		LAB QCVD: 11/04/87 LAB CGMPL: 01/25/88 SMPL PERIOD: 10/87	LAB SUPERVISOR: FUND CODE:
ALYSIS RSLT5TC		OCCUMENT DOTAL MITE DAM M	ROS TRIGGER 42
NO NO DESCR	ONTIN	5	
027000 001 70300 RESIGNE TOTAL FILTERA	MG/L MG/L	000	
00951 FLUDRIDE, TOTAL MG/L AS F	M6/L H6/L	\$8.000 \$000	65
TOTOTO 001 00045 SULFATE, TOTAL MG/L AS 504	MG/L	S	5
111273 CO1 30630 WITRATE & MITRITE TOTAL 111273 CO1 30613 WITRAGEN, AMMONIA TOTAL	HG/L	91	25
12T025 001 3273C PHENOLS, TOTAL RECOVERABLE UG	1/90	\$°000 <	
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CITY SOUTH MMP		SILICA, TOTAL MG/L AS S102	PHOSPHORUS, TOTAL MG/L A	CYANIDE, TOTAL MG/L AS CN	ARSENIC, TOTAR RECOV	LEAD, TOTAL RECOVERABLE UG/L 45 P	MERCURY, TOTAL UG/L AS HG	SELENIUM, TOTAL RECCUERARLE US/L ASSE	CALCIUM, TOTAL RECOVERSBLE M6/L AS CR ANAL OF	MAGNESIUMPIOIAL RECURERABLE MONE AS ES 25 AME: SV	SOULURE COLD X X COUNTRED COLD NO. AS A ANAL DY	POTASSIUM, 101AL MILLUMERABLE HOLL AS A MARL G.	ALCKINGS COME KECCTERNIE CONT. NO ANAL BY	PODDIN TOTAL DECOMEDANE HIGH AS A ANAL BY ICP	APPAIL THE TOTAL RECOVERABLE 116/1 AS BE ANAL BY	CADMTHM TOTAL PECNY PRABLE UG/L AS CO ANAL BY IC	CHROMINM, TOTAL RECOVERABLE UG/L ASCR AN	CAPPER TOTAL RECOVERABLE UG/L AS CU ANAL BY I	CORALT. TOTAL RECOVERABLE UG/L AS CO ANAL BY I	TOUR TOTAL RECOVERABLE, UG/L AS FEANAL BY ICE	MANGANESE TOTAL RECOVERABLE UG/L AS MN	NICKEL TOTAL RECOVERABLE UGZL AS NI ANAL BY I	SILVER, TOTAL RECOVERABLE UGZL AS AG ANAL BY ICP	STRONTIUM. TOTAL RECOVERABLE UGZL AS SR AMAL BY	VANADIUM, TOTAL RECOVERABLE UGZL ASY ANAL BY	ZINC. TOTAL RECOVERABLE UGZL AS Z	HARDNESS C	OT DE HO HO	WATER TEMPERATURE DEG C	VIII AGAG SHOTTA CO.	COLLECTOR: MCMILLAN	THR COMMENTS: VOC.S	מיייי איייי אייייי איייייי אייייייייייי	510		CHLORDFORK UG/L GC/MS	ARDMODICHLORDMETHANE U	DIBROMOCHLOROMETHANE UG/L	RROMOFORM UG/L CG/M	METHYLENE CHLORIDE UG/L	1,1-DICHLORD-THYLENE UG/L 5C	191-CICHEUROFIHA	1 2 - O TOTAL DEDUTATIONS DON'T	* 2 - O A CHICAROK I MANER OF A LANGE OF A L
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PAGE: 58	1000 • 000 * 150 • 000 50 • 000 5000 • 000	TE: 10/30/87 DELIVERED BY: MAIL VO: 11/04/87 RECEIVED BY: D V PL: 12/30/87 LAB SUPERVISOR: JIH OD: 10/87 FUND CODE: PW30 OD: 10/87 RAW WIR LEVEL	7.000 7.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000 5.000	5.000
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TED SAMPLE EXPANDED REPORT \$\pm\pi \text{SUPPLIES}\$ \$\pm\pi \text{SUPPLIES}\$ \$\pm\pi \text{SUPPLIES}\$ \$\pm\pi \text{SUPPLIES}\$	AS CO ANAL BY ICP UG/L AS FEANAL BY ICP UG/L AS NI ANAL BY ICP UG/L AS AG ANAL BY ICP UG/L AS AG ANAL BY ICP UG/L AS AG ANAL BY ICP UG/L AS A ANAL BY ICP UG/L AS A ANAL BY ICP UG/L AS ANAL BY ICP UG/L AG L ONITS DEG.C	UNITS	MS VI GC/MS	UGAL UGAL UGAL UGAL UGAL UNITS OFG. C
REPORT: PHIMPTON SOUTH MHP	1771100 012 01037 COBAL 1777100 013 01045 IRON• 1777100 014 01055 MANGA 1777100 015 01067 NICKE 1777100 015 01077 SILVE 1777100 019 01092 STRON 1777100 019 01092 ZINC• 1777100 020 72037 PUMPI 5001200 005 00010 WATER	NAPLE NO: D76957300 LOCATION: PARK CI NEL TYPE: RAW COLLECTOR: MCMILLA NPL PURP: 5-SPEC/OTHR COMMENTS: VOC. S NFL PROU: V-VOC D8 SRVATNS: Z VOC NEL PROU: N-VOC D8 SRVATNS: Z VOC NEL PROU: N-VOC D8 SRVATNS: Z VOC NEL PROU: N-VOC D8 SRVATNS: Z VOC NO DESCRIPTION	4314 00 001 32105 CHLUNDFURH UGZU CZTAS 4314 00 002 32101 BROMODICHLOROMETHANE UGZU CG 4314 00 002 32104 BROMODICHLOROMETHANE UGZU GC 4314 00 003 34423 METHYLENE CHLOPIDE UGZU GCZN 4314 00 000 34501 1,1-01CHLOROETHANE UGZU GCZN 4314 00 000 77279 1,2-01CHLOROETHANE UGZU GCZN 4314 00 010 34505 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE UGZU GGZN 4314 00 011 32102 CARBON TETRACHLORIDE UGZU GGZU 4314 00 013 34575 TETRACHLOROETHANE UGZU GGZU 4314 00 013 34505 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE UGZU GGZU 4314 00 011 32102 CARBON TETRACHLORIDE UGZU GGZU 4314 00 013 34505 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHANE UGZU GGZU 4314 00 013 34505 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHYLENE UGZU GGZU 4314 00 013 34505 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHYLENE UGZU GGZU 4314 00 013 34505 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHYLENE UGZU GGZU 4314 00 013 34505 1,1,1-TRICHLOROETHYLENE UGZU GGZU 4315) 014 34301 CHLOROBENZENE UGZU	31A 00 015 34716 DICHLOROBENZEN 31A 00 016 78124 PENZENE UG/L 31A 00 017 78131 TOLUENE UG/L 31A 00 019 79113 STHYLBENZENE U 01200 0019 81551 XYLENE UG/L 001200 004 00400 PH PH UNITS 101200 005 00010 WATER TEMPERAT

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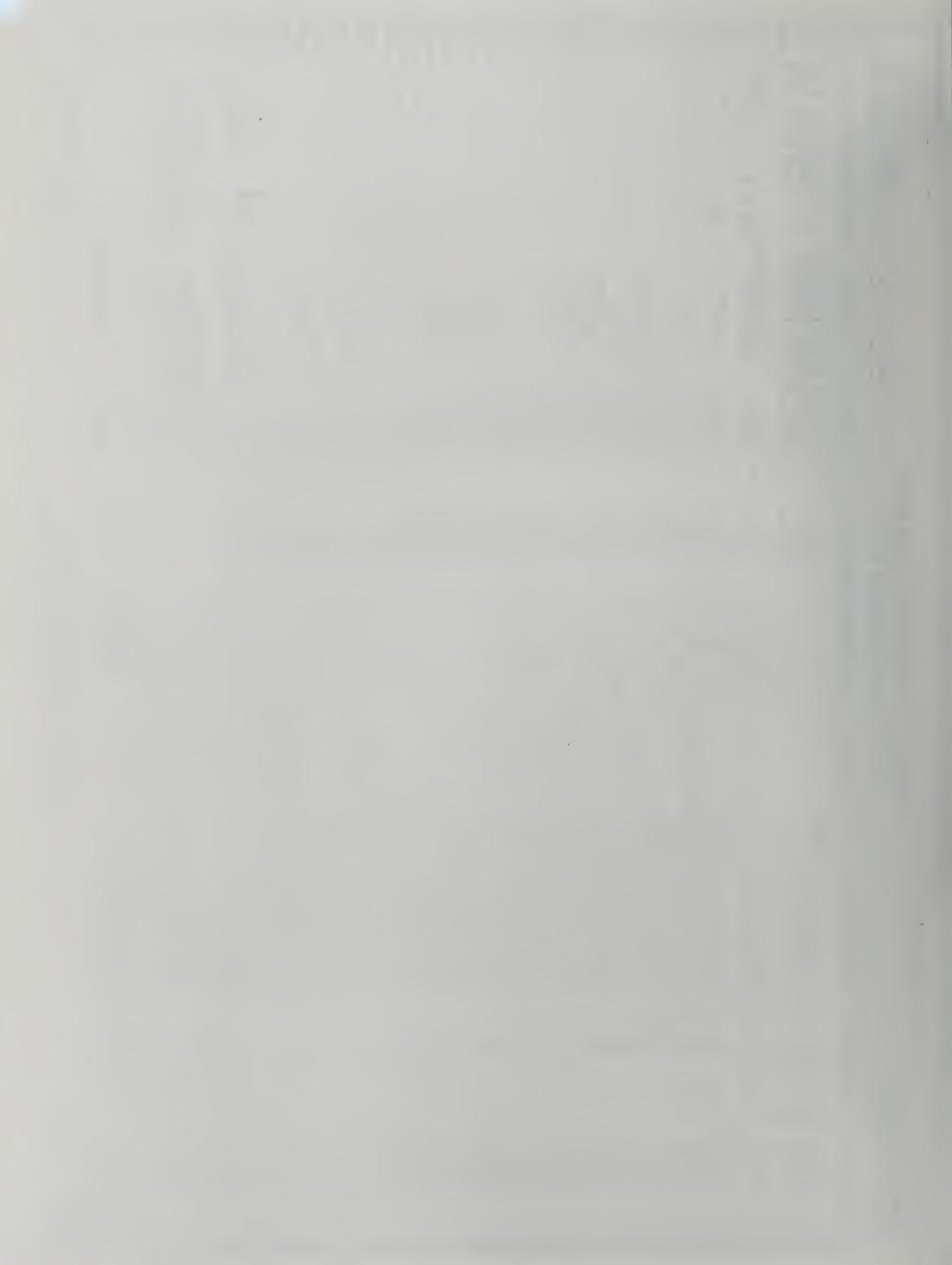
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APPENDIX E



Office of Chemical Safety 2200 Churchill Road, P.O. Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

IEPA/ENV/88-025

May, 1988

- ARSENIC - CHEMICAL INFORMATION SHEET*

WHAT IS ARSENIC?

Arsenic is a shiny, gray, naturally occurring element often referred to as a metal although chemically classified as a metalloid. Arsenic is usually combined with one or more other elements to form inorganic (trivalent or pentavalent) or organic arsenic.

The major current uses of arsenic are in pesticides, cotton drying agents, and wood preservatives. Arsenic has several minor uses, primarily as an additive in metal alloys to increase their hardness and heat resistance; as a growth promoter added to swine and poultry feed; as a bronzing and decolorizing agent in glass production; as an antiparasitic drug; and in the manufacture of electrical semiconductors. Approximately 90 percent of the arsenic produced in the United States in 1979 was used in either the production of pesticides (70%) or wood preservatives (20%). USEPA has proposed cancellation or restriction of these two uses of arsenic.

WHAT IS THE OCCURRENCE OF ARSENIC IN THE ENVIRONMENT?

Arsenic ranks twentieth among the elements in abundance in the earth's crust and is widely distributed in the environment being detected in air, soil, water, plants, animals, and foods. Arsenic enters the environment both as the result of natural forces (volcanic emissions and weathering of arsenic-containing rocks) and human activity. The three largest artificial sources of arsenic emissions to the air and soil are fossil fuel combustion, pesticide use, and copper smelting. In surface waters, the largest artificial sources of arsenic are from urban runoff, pesticide application, and zinc production.

Arsenic is present in all soils with the content in virgin soils ranging from 0.1 to 40 ppm (parts per million). The amount of arsenic in soil depends on inputs from mineral weathering processes, atmospheric deposition, and residue from pesticide application. The natural concentration of arsenic in groundwater is dependent on the arsenic content of the bedrock. Arsenic is found in some bottled mineral waters and in many foods; it occurs naturally in seafoods such as shrimp, lobster, crabs, and clams at levels of 25 to 80 ppm. Arsenic is also introduced into foods by way of pesticides and animal feeds. Arsenic is found in cigarette smoke where it originates from the use of insecticides on tobacco. Concentrations in tobacco have declined during the last twenty years due to decreased use of arsenical pesticides. Plants may accumulate arsenic via root uptake from soil depending upon the plant species, soil arsenic concentration, and soil characteristics.

Arsenic released to the atmosphere is eventually transported to soils or surface waters. Airborne arsenic deposited on soils may then move either into groundwater or surface water, and the arsenic passing into surface waters may settle into sediments. The annual environmental burden of arsenic indicates that approximately 90 percent of arsenic is deposited on land, with the atmosphere accounting for eight percent and the smallest quantity deposited in surface waters.

WHAT ARE THE HEALTH EFFECTS ASSOCIATED WITH ARSENIC EXPOSURE?

The medicinal use of arsenic, although practiced for hundreds of years, apparently reached a peak in the 1800's. Fowler's solution, containing arsenic trioxide, was prescribed for symptomatic relief of acute infections, epilepsy, asthma, and skin

rashes. Thus, many patients received arsenic for periods of months and years and it was in such patients that the consequences of long-term exposure to arsenic were first recognized.

The amount of arsenic capable of causing harmful effects depends on its chemical form. Elemental arsenic has a low toxicity which is attributed to its insolubility in water and body fluids. In general, organic forms like those found in some seafood are less toxic than the inorganic forms (trivalent or pentavalent) which are the principal forms present in air and water. There are several studies on animals which indicate that low levels of arsenic in the diet are beneficial or essential.

Short-term exposure -- Serious health effects may occur as the result of single or short-term inhalation or ingestion of large amounts of arsenic. The symptoms that may follow ingestion of arsenic consist of gastrointestinal disturbances, which can be severe enough to cause cardiovascular effects, shock, and death. Arsenic may also have toxic effects on the liver, blood-forming organs, central nervous system, peripheral nervous system and the cardiovascular system. Ingestion of arsenic may result in skin diseases and darkening of the skin color. Typical signs of arsenic toxicity (gastrointestinal irritation, skin changes, etc.) have been reported in several population's drinking water with 0.4 ppm of arsenic or more. Inhalation of arsenic can cause irritation of the upper respiratory tract (nose, throat, etc.) at air concentrations of around 100 micrograms per cubic meter.

Long-term exposure -- The most characteristic effect of ingestion of inorganic arsenic is skin abnormalities including hyperpigmentation and the appearance of small "corns" on the palms, soles, and trunk. While these skin changes are not considered significant health problems themselves, a small number of these may progress to skin cancer. Arsenic ingestion has also been reported to increase the risk of cancer in the liver, bladder, kidney, and lungs. The relationship of ingestion of arsenic with skin cancer and inhalation of arsenic-containing particulates with lung cancer establishes arsenic as a human carcinogen. However, in contrast to most other human carcinogens, it has been difficult to confirm in experimental animals.

Injections of a particular arsenic compound into pregnant animals have caused specific birth defects in hamsters, rats, and mice. At the present time there is no evidence of arsenic-related birth defects in humans. However, animals and humans who have been exposed to sodium arsenite have shown chromosomal defects (gene damage).

HOW IS ARSENIC REGULATED?

There are a number of regulations controlling arsenic exposure to workers, consumers, and the environment. Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) adopted by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists refer to airborne concentrations of substances and represent conditions under which it is believed that nearly all healthy workers may be repeatedly exposed day after day without adverse effects. The TLV for arsenic is 0.2 milligrams per cubic meter as an average eight hour exposure limit for a 5-day workweek. The USEPA, under the Clean Air Act, lists arsenic as a hazardous air pollutant.

A Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) of 50 parts per billion (ppb) of arsenic in drinking water has been established under the Safe Drinking Water Act. In addition, the ambient water quality criterion for arsenic under the Clean Water Act is $2.2 \times 10^{-3} \text{ ug/l (ppb)}$ based on the risk to human health from the consumption of contaminated water and fish.

CAS: jas/1466j, 1-2/sp

*Note: This information sheet is a summary of readily available data regarding the general nature and effects of this chemical. The reader is encouraged to consult other sources or an appropriate professional if a more detailed explanation for specific concerns is desired.

Office of Chemical Safety 2200 Churchill Road, P.O. Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

IEPA/ENV/87-001-7

April, 1987

- Lead - Chemical Information Sheet*

WHAT IS LEAD?

Lead is a substance which can occur by itself as an element or in combinations with other ions. Some combinations of lead which have toxic effects are lead acetate and tetraethyl lead which is used in gasoline. Lead, the element, is a soft bluish or silvery grey heavy metal. In 1976, approximately 1.49 million tons of lead were produced in the U.S. Lead is also a by-product of fluorspar mining and Illinois is third in the nation for production of lead in this manner. Fifty-four percent of the lead produced in this country is used in batteries. Other uses of lead include metal products such as solders, bearings, printed type, and brasses; gasoline antiknock additives; and ceramics, inks, paints, and varnishes.

WHAT IS THE OCCURRENCE OF LEAD IN THE ENVIRONMENT?

Lead is widespread in the environment. It is present naturally in most soils and can occur in concentrated deposits. The use of lead dates from the earliest civilizations of man. Lead coins and medallions have been recovered from ancient Egyptian ruins, and lead water pipes were used in ancient Rome. These uses and more recent uses in this century have increased the lead levels in air, rain, snowfall, surface water, and soil, distributing lead widely with high concentrations in some urban areas.

Recently, lead in drinking water has become a concern. Lead rarely occurs naturally at high levels in drinking water sources. The major sources of lead in drinking water are pipes and soldered pipe joints containing lead. The corrosive action of water on distribution systems and residential plumbing systems causes the lead to dissolve from materials in these systems and enter the water.

The most common source of lead exposure for humans is through food, but it is usually environmental sources that result in exposures to lead in concentrations which can produce toxic effects. These sources include lead-based paint in old dwellings, lead in air and soil from combustion of lead-containing auto fuels or industrial emissions, and lead dissolving from pottery which has not been properly glazed. Lead is generally found in higher concentrations in urban environments than in rural.

WHAT ARE THE HEALTH EFFECTS OF LEAD EXPOSURE?

Adults tend to be less susceptible to lead poisoning than children and their exposure is usually limited to dust and fumes while at work. However, lead poisoning in adults can be serious if left untreated. Symptoms include loss of appetite, weight loss, insomnia, headache, and abdominal, muscle, or joint pain. If exposure has not been excessive or prolonged, these symptoms may

disappear when exposure ceases. Prolonged exposure to lead can cause permanent nerve damage leading to a condition known as "wrist drop", an inability to extend the hand. Lead has also been known to affect reproduction and cause elevated blood pressure.

Children, particularly those under the age of two, and developing fetuses, are most seriously threatened by lead. In this age group, lead may cause permanent damage to the developing nervous system leading to subtle learning, behavioral or psychological problems, or with higher exposures, to mental retardation. Children with pica, an abnormal tendency to chew on or eat non-food materials (such as paint chips, toys, and dirt), may be especially at risk for lead poisoning. Children with nutritional problems, such as iron or calcium deficiencies, may have enhanced lead absorption and more adverse health effects from lead. Some other effects of lead observed in both children and adults are anemia, damage to the kidneys, and digestive problems.

Laboratory tests have shown that some lead compounds (lead acetate and lead subacetate) can induce cancer in kidneys of rodents fed very high doses of lead. On the other hand, the evidence that lead causes cancer in humans is very limited. A study of lead workers in the U.S. showed an increase in deaths from cancer, but the significance of these findings have been debated. The most common tumors found were of the respiratory and digestive systems. US EPA considers the evidence sufficient to consider lead acetate and lead subacetate as probable human carcinogens.

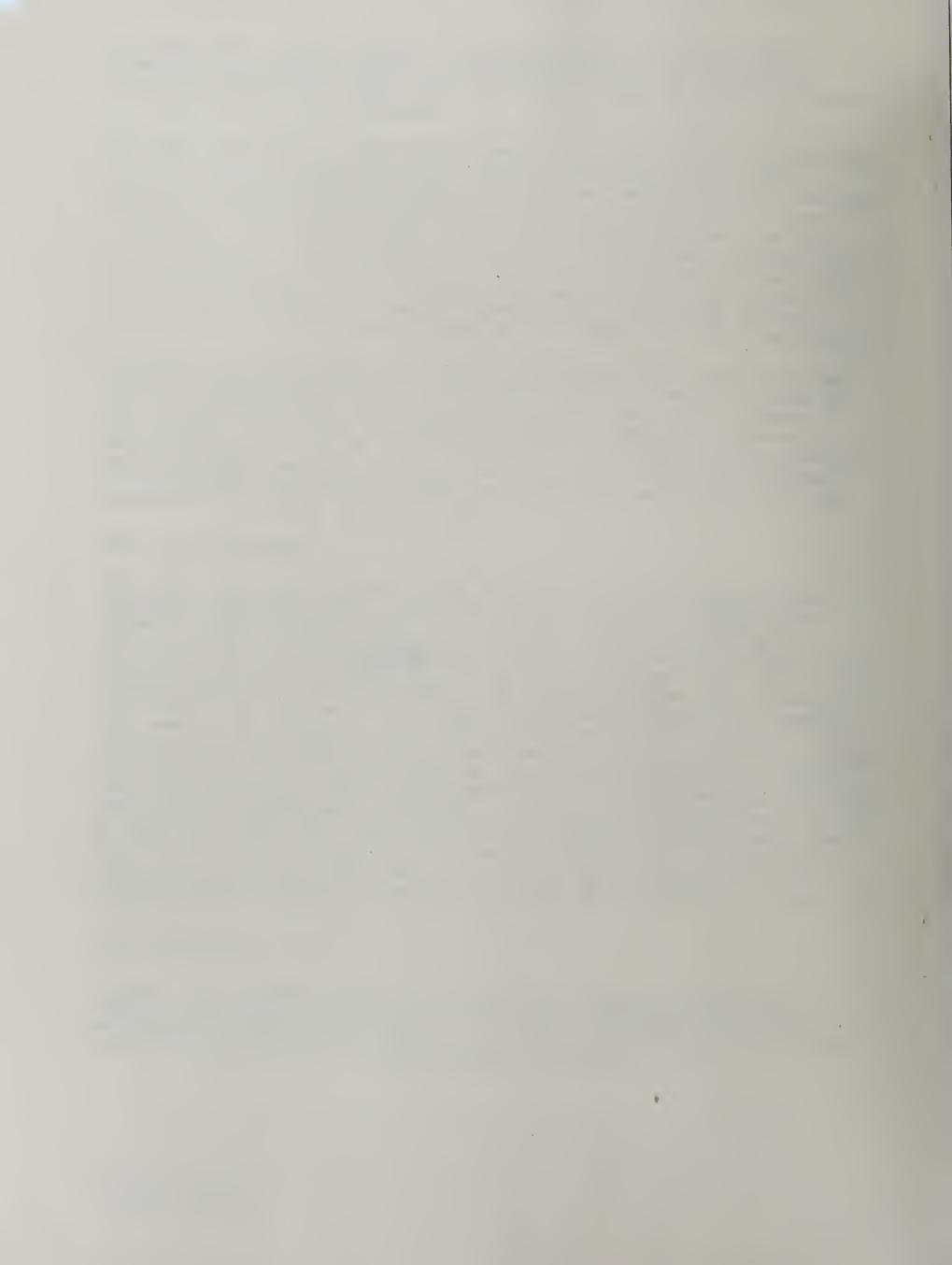
HOW IS LEAD REGULATED?

Threshold limit values adopted by the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists refer to airborne concentrations of substances and represent conditions under which it is believed that nearly all healthy workers may be repeatedly exposed day after day without adverse effect. The threshold limit value for lead is 0.15 mg/m³ as an average eight hour exposure limit for a 5-day work week. The current drinking water standard is 50 micrograms of lead per liter of water and US EPA is considering lowering this level to 20 micrograms. The Safe Drinking Water Act Amendments of 1986 ban the use of lead pipe with more than 8 percent lead and solder and also ban flux with more than 0.2 percent lead in new plumbing or repairs to plumbing that supply drinking water. The Consumer Products Safety Commission has set a level of 0.06 percent lead in household paints and proposes to assess the use of lead in printing inks. As a result of auto emission controls under the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1970, the use of lead additives in gasoline is being phased out in an effort to reduce lead in the environment. US EPA estimates that 50 percent of the gasoline produced and used in this country is now lead-free.

TEV: st: 2295g, sp1-2

* <u>Note</u>: This information sheet is a summary of readily available data regarding the general nature and effects of this chemical. The reader is encouraged to consult other sources or an appropriate professional if a more detailed explanation for specific concerns is desired.

APPENDIX F



Office of Chemical Safety 2200 Churchill Road, P.O. Box 19276 Springfield, Illinois 62794-9276

IEPA/ENV/87-001-6

April, 1987

- GLOSSARY - CHEMICAL INFORMATION SHEET

absorption - the movement of a chemical into the bloodstream or other body fluid or tissue after its entrance into the body through the skin, lungs, or gastrointestinal tract.

acute - sharp, severe; having a relatively rapid onset, often with severe symptoms and a relatively short course. In toxicology refers to a single large exposure to a chemical (acute exposure), or to the development of symptoms of poisoning soon after a single exposure to a substance (acute toxicity).

ACGIH - the American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists. It recommends upper limits (see TLV) for exposure to workplace chemicals.

bioconcentration — the process in and by which chemical substances are accumulated in living organisms above their concentration in the environment. For example, a chemical is spilled into a river or lake and is ingested and stored by small organisms like plankton; small fish eat the plankton; and large fish eat the smaller fish. As this process occurs, the chemical becomes thousands of times more concentrated in the tissues of the large fish than in the plankton or the water. Usually occurs with fat-soluble compounds rather than water-soluble compounds.

biodegradation - the breaking down of an organic substance, resulting from the complex action of living organisms.

cancer - a group of diseases characterized by malignant, uncontrolled growth of cells of body tissue (tumors).

carcinogen — a term applied generally to any substance that is capable of producing cancer or increasing the growth and spreading of tumors in an organism.

chronic - occurring over a period of time. In toxicology refers to repeated exposure (chronic exposure) to a chemical for a relatively long period of time or persistence of symptoms or disease over a long period of time (chronic toxicity).

epidemiology - the study of the incidence, distribution, and control of disease in human populations.

leaching - downward movement of a material in solution through soil.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - the maximum permissible level of a contaminant that is allowed in a public water supply system.

metabolism - the changes that a chemical undergoes in an organism. The products of metabolism may be more or less active in the organism than the original (parent) compound. In animals, many of these products find their way to body excretions, for example through lung exhalation, urine, or feces. Tracing the pathways of metabolism is important to shed light on possible relationships between chemicals and particular health effects.

mg/m³ - means milligrams of a chemical in a cubic meter of air. It is a density measurement expressing the amount of air pollutant in a given volume of air.

mutagen - a substance that causes a change in the genetic material in a body cell, called a mutation. Mutations may lead to birth defects, miscarriages, or cancer, or they may have no obvious effect, depending on what genetic material is damaged and on where the damage occurs.

persistent - existing for a long time in the environment or the body. For chemicals, this means not easily broken down; for the effects of chemicals, this means the effect remains or recurs long after exposure to the chemical.

pesticide - a general term used to describe a product designed to kill or control unwanted organisms; for example, herbicides are designed to control unwanted plants, insecticides are designed to control unwanted insects, fungicides are designed to control fungus and mold, etc.

ppb - an expression describing a small concentration, equal to an amount of one substance in a billion parts of another material; for example, one drop of alcohol in 16,000 gallons of water.

ppm - an expression describing a small concentration, equal to an amount of one substance in a million parts of another material; for example, one drop of alcohol in 16 gallons of water.

solvent - a liquid substance capable of dissolving or dispersing one or more other substances.

teratogen - a substance that causes stillbirths, birth defects, or malformations by affecting the growing fetus.

TLV - is the Threshold Limit Value for air. The TLV is a workplace exposure limit recommended by ACGIH and represents conditions under which it is believed that nearly all workers may be repeatedly exposed to a substance day after day without adverse effect.

toxicology - the study of the adverse effects of chemicals on living organisms.

volatile - readily vaporizable at a relatively low temperature.

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